



Horizon 2020 Work Programme for Research & Innovation 2018-2020

Open to the World

Dr. Anne Haglund-Morrissey Senior Policy Officer - Japan Desk DG Research and Innovation

Research and Innovation

What is Horizon 2020?

- Horizon 2020 is the EU Framework Programme for Research & Innovation and the biggest multinational programme of its kind with a budget of almost € 80 billion
- Horizon 2020 is focused on 3 pillars: Excellent Science, Industrial Leadership and Societal Challenges

Horizon 2020 is **Open to the World!**

• Researchers & institutions, public or private, from all over the world, regardless of nationality or residence, can take part in Horizon 2020

 Horizon 2020 is extremely popular across the globe: so far, 7750 applications from 152 countries



Horizon 2020 After nearly 4 years of implementation

Interim Evaluation

- ✓ An attractive, simplified and well-performing € 77 billion programme, but underfunded (12% success rate)
- On track to deliver value for money and to meet its knowledgecreating objectives
- Strong EU Added Value through unique opportunities, competition & access to new knowledge.

Participation (Oct. 2017)

- ✓ 15,000 grant agreements
- ✓ with \in 27 billion EU contribution
- ✓ 65,000 participations



Horizon 2020: Next 3 years of implementation Work Programme 2018-2020

Objectives of Strategic Programming

Provide for a coherent implementation of the Horizon 2020 objectives and the multiannual approach, taking account of the Interim Evaluation and first two work programmes (for 2014-15 and 2016-17)

Enhance relevance and impact by delivering against the **EU policy priorities** and the priorities **'Open Science - Open Innovation - Open to the World'**

Prepare for a bridge in the last years of the programme to enable a **smooth transition to the successor to Horizon 2020**



European Commission

Work Programme 2018-2020 R & I investment of € 30 billion for 3 years

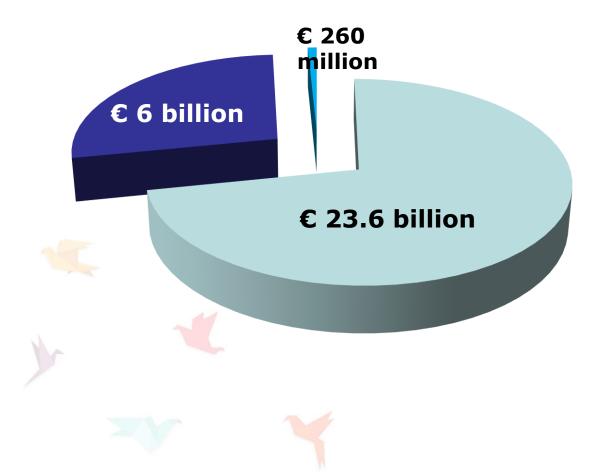
Video



- Addressing main concerns of citizens such as security, migration and economic situation...
- Focus on impact (fewer & broader topics with sharpened impact statements, better dissemination of results, open access to data...)
- Piloting new initiatives and flexibility for 2020, with 'minimum' content of calls and other actions at this stage



Structure of € 30 billion R&I investment (2018-2020)



 Main Horizon 2020
 Work Programme (2018-2020)

European Research Council (2018-2020)

Euratom, including Fusion (2018)



The Work Programme 2018-2020 has 4 focus areas with a total budget of approximately 7 billion euros focusing on:

- 'Building a low-carbon, climate resilient future'
- 'Connecting economic and environmental gains the Circular Economy'
- 'Digitising and transforming European industry and services'
- 'Boosting the effectiveness of the Security Union'



The Work Programme 2018-2020 has several pilots including on the European Innovation Council (EIC):

- Focus on support for radically innovative firms and entrepreneurs with the potential to scale up their businesses rapidly at the European and global levels
- Fully bottom-up SME instrument to find the most innovative ideas



Excellent science

Over 3000 grants from the European Research Council (2018-2020: €6 billion)



© vectorfusionart - Fotolia.com

#87877140



(2018-2020: €2.9 billion)



Open Innovation

✓ EIC pilot (€2.7 billion)

- ✓ Open innovation test beds (€ 200 million)
- ✓ Ca. 30 topics of
 € 300 million
 budget in the
 Societal
 challenges pillar

Open Science

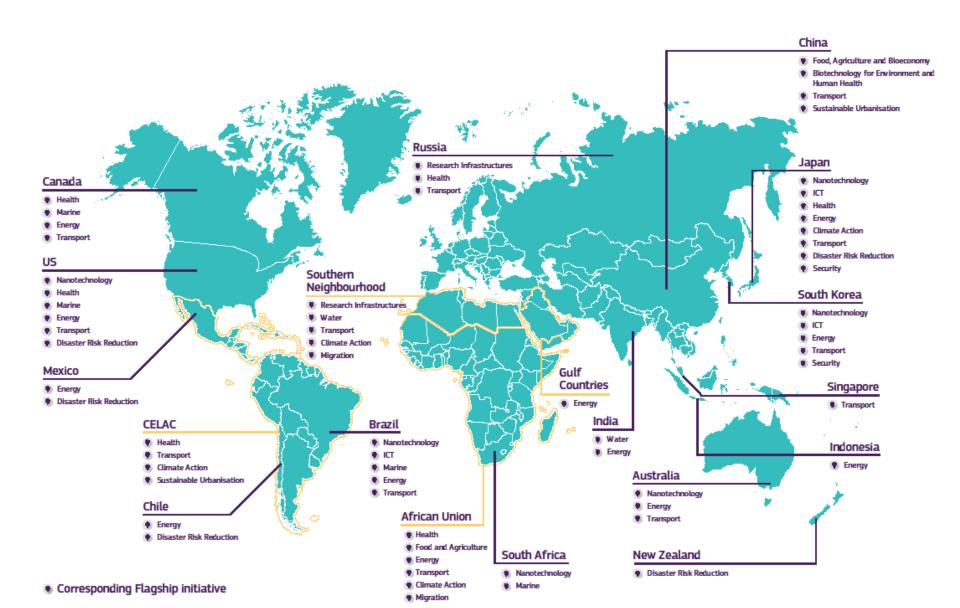
- ✓ Over € 2 billion to support for Open Science
- ✓ European Open Science Cloud and European Data Infrastructure (€ 600 million)
- New: Open Research Europe platform for Horizon
 2020 and successor framework publications

Open to the World

- ✓ Over €1 billion investment for 30 international flagship initiatives: with Canada on personalised medicine; with African countries on food security and renewable energies; with the US, Japan, South Korea, Singapore and Australia on road transport automation; with India on water challenges
- ✓ Strong international component in the European Research Council (ERC) and Marie Skłodowska-Curie actions, e.g. ERC expected to fund 240 more non-EU/AC nationals as Principal Investigators



Where are the Horizon 2020 flagships?



14 Horizon 2020 international flagships targeting Japan in 9 thematic areas

- **ICT**: <u>Bilateral Flagship</u> through "*Coordinated Call on 5G communication networks, security, cloud, IoT, Big Data*". Targeted in flagship on "*Unconventional Nanoelectronics*".
- **Transport**: Targeted in Flagships on "*Greener and safer aviation*", "Automated road transport", "Integrated multimodal freight transport systems and logistics", and "Reduction of transport impact on air quality".
- **Energy**: <u>Bilateral Flagship</u> on "*Advanced biofuels*". Targeted in Flagship on "*Mission Innovation*" on clean energy in general.
- **Health**: Cooperation through several multilateral initiatives. Targeted in Flagship on "*Technologies for global health care*".
- **Disaster Risk Reduction**: Targeted in Flagship on "Operational forecasting of earthquakes and early warning capacity for more resilient cities".
- Security: Targeted in Flagship on "Technologies for first responders".
- **Nanotechnologies**: Targeted in Flagship on "*Nanosafety*".
- Climate Action: Targeted in Flagship on "Changing cryosphere/Arctic research".
- Research Infrastructures: Targeted in Flagship "Integrating and Opening activities".

Commission

Horizon 2020 – Work Programme 2018-20 22 Call topics encouraging cooperation with Japan

Year	Call identifier	Call topics
	DT-ART-01-2018	Testing, validation and certification procedures for highly automated driving functions under various traffic scenarios
2018		based on pilot test data
	DT-ART-02-2018	Support for networking activities and impact assessment for road automation
	EUJ-01-2018	Advanced technologies (Security/Cloud/IoT/BigData) for a hyper-connected society in the context of Smart City
	EUJ-02-2018	5G and beyond
	INFRAIA-01-2018-2019	Integrating Activities for Advanced Communities
	MG-2-5-2018	Innovative technologies for improving aviation safety and certification in icing conditions
	NMBP-13-2018	Risk Governance of nanotechnology (RIA)
	NMBP-14-2018	Nanoinformatics: from materials models to predictive toxicology and ecotoxicology (RIA)
	SC1-HCC-03-2018	Support to further development of international cooperation in digital transformation of health and care
	SC5-17-2018	Towards operational forecasting of earthquakes and early warning capacity for more resilient societies
	SU-DRS01-2018-2019-2020	Human factors, and social, societal, and organisational aspects for disaster-resilient societies
	SU-DRS02-2018-2019-2020	Technologies for first responders
	DT-ART-03-2019	Human centred design for the new driver role in highly automated vehicles
	DT-ART-04-2019	Developing and testing shared, connected and cooperative automated vehicle fleets in urban areas for the mobility of all
2019	ICT-06-2019	Unconventional Nanoelectronics
	LC-CLA-07-2019	The changing cryosphere: uncertainties, risks and opportunities
	LC-MG-1-7-2019	Future propulsion and integration: towards a hybrid/electric aircraft
	MG-2-9-2019	Integrated multimodal, low-emission freight transport systems and logistics (Inco Flagship)
	NMBP-15-2019	Safe by design, from science to regulation: metrics and main sectors (RIA)
	SU-SPACE-22-SEC-2019	Space Weather
2020	NMBP-16-2020	Safe by design, from science to regulation: behaviour of multi-component nanomaterials (RIA)
	NMBP-17-2020	Regulatory science for medical technology products (RIA)



Next steps – preparations for the next framework programme for research and innovation (FP9)

KEY FINDINGS of the Interim Evaluation of Horizon 2020 on EFFICIENCY:

Horizon 2020 is a major success

However, international cooperation should be further increased.





KEY FINDINGS of the Interim Evaluation of Horizon 2020 on RELEVANCE:

ROOM FOR IMPROVEMENT:

- Establish an impact-focused, mission-oriented approach.
- The strategic challenges and objectives are **not always clearly translated in specific calls** and topics.
- Low involvement of civil society (but improved over FP7). Need to bring R&I closer to the public.







 "I am convinced that the core values of Horizon 2020 and its successor have to be:"







A mission-oriented approach

"We need to define missions that breakdown silos.

We have made progress in Horizon 2020 to focus resources in selected areas. But we still support too many different projects that disperse or fragment our funding.

We need to set our eyes on a specific target, and drive our scientific efforts towards reaching that target. And we need to be ambitious about it."

EU-Japan cooperation could benefit from such a mission-oriented approach focusing on common challenges through missions of common interest that could be linked to the SDGs.



European Commission

Indicative timeline

2018

- Next MFF Commission proposal (Q2, tbc)
- Successor Framework Programme Commission proposal (Q2, tbc)

2021 Start of implementation of FP9



Interested to know more?

Visit our <u>Horizon 2020 Participant Portal</u>

Useful links:

European Commission, DG Research and Innovation: http://ec.europa.eu/research/index.cfm

DG Research and Innovation, Japan page : http://ec.europa.eu/research/iscp/index.cfm?pg=japan

Participant Portal: http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/desktop/en/home.html

Participant Portal, Japan page : http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/data/ref/h2020/other/hi/h2020_localsup p_japan_en.pdf

Horizon 2020: http://ec.europa.eu/programmes/horizon2020/en



